reducible[2,24]

reducible(a) $\equiv_{\text{def}}$ $\exists b, c{:}\mathbb{Z}^{-\circ}.\ \neg(b \sim 1)\ \&\ \neg(c \sim 1)\ \&\ a = b{\cdot}c$

clarification:

reducible(a) $\equiv_{\text{def}}$ $\exists b{:}\mathbb{Z}^{-\circ}, c{:}\mathbb{Z}^{-\circ}.\ \neg(b \sim 1)\ \&\ \neg(c \sim 1)\ \&\ a = b{\cdot}c \in \mathbb{Z}$

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http://www.nuprl.org/FDLcontent/p0_399846_/p83_7738_{reducible}.html